Prefiled Direct Testimony of Glen Fournier on behalf of Consolidated **Docket DT 20-111, Exhibit 22** October 26, 2020 Page 1 of 10

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2	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
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4	Before the
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6	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
7 8	DT 20-111
9	D1 20-111
10	COMCAST OF MAINE/NEW HAMPSHIRE, INC.
11	,
12	Petition for Resolution of Dispute and Declaratory Ruling
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16	PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF GLEN FOURNIER
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18	On Behalf of
19	Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company
20	LLC ("Consolidated")
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22	
23	October 26, 2020
23	000000 20, 2020
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### PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF GLEN FOURNIER

- Q: Please state your name, employer, occupation, and place of business.
- A: My name is Glen Fournier. I work for Consolidated Communications. My
  business address is 5 Davis Farm Road, in Portland, Maine. I have been
  employed by Consolidated Communications since it acquired FairPoint
  Communications during July 2017. I presently work in Consolidated's License
  Administration Group as a Project Manager III/LAG Specialist.
  - Q: Please describe your relevant educational and professional background.
- 9 A: I have a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Mathematics from the University of Maine. I 10 graduated in May 1990. After graduating, I began working for New England Telephone and Telegraph Company ("NET"). I have worked for the Northern 11 New England incumbent telecommunications carrier since that time frame. 12 13 I began with NET as a "Specific Engineer", which was somewhat equivalent to 14 what is commonly known in the industry as a "Turf Engineer". However, as a Specific Engineer, I worked on larger engineering based projects such as roadway 15 projects and cable or subscriber line relief projects over a larger service territory 16 17 than a typical "turf". In 1992, I moved to a Turf Engineer and engineering aspects related to high capacity based projects within my turf, Exchange of 18 Notices with various electric utilities, new business services, cellular 19
  - Q: Are you now in Consolidated's License Administration Group?

communication sites and other engineering work orders within the turf.

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- 1 A: Yes. I moved to the LAG during July 2015.
- 2 Q: Have you previously testified before the New Hampshire Public Utilities
- **Commission (the "Commission")?**
- 4 A: No, I have not testified under oath in a proceeding before the Commission.
- 5 However, during the below referenced pole attachment proceedings I made a
- 6 presentation to the Commission regarding specific aspects of the pole attachment
- 7 process.

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## 8 Q: On whose behalf are you testifying?

- A: I am testifying on behalf of Consolidated Communications of Northern New
- England Company, LLC. Comcast of Maine/New Hampshire, Inc. ("Comcast
- 11 Cable") sought to attach to certain utility poles in Belmont, New Hampshire, with
- the use of a riser and conduit. On behalf of the LAG, I along with Att. Sarah
- Davis (of Consolidated Communications) did not agree with the Comcast Cable
- request and offered a different approach to solve for the issues. Comcast Cable
- rejected our approach.

#### **Q:** What is the purpose of your testimony?

- 17 A: My testimony (i) addresses several of the Comcast Cable claims made in the
- Petition filed with the Commission on July 13, 2020 and (ii) explains in further
- detail why the Comcast Cable method of attachment would lead to an unsafe
- 20 condition on the poles, potentially endangering Consolidated Communications
- and other attachers' employees when working on the poles. My testimony

1		supports Consolidated Communications' conclusion that Comcast Cable's
2		attachment request, if erected, did not meet and would not meet what I consider to
3		be appropriate engineering guidelines and safety conditions.
4	Q:	Have you reviewed the limited Stipulation of Facts filed in this Docket on
5		October 13, 2020, and if so, do you agree with those facts?
6	A:	Yes, I have reviewed the Stipulation of Facts and I do agree with the statements of
7		fact in that document. I will not repeat the stipulated facts in my direct testimony.
8	Q:	Do you understand the relevant administrative rules in New Hampshire
9		regarding pole attachment requests?
10	A:	Yes. While I am not a lawyer and not trying to express legal conclusions, I have
11		experience in administering pole attachment requests in connection with this
12		Commission's administrative rules regarding pole attachments. I also participated
13		in the Commissions proceedings when it revised the pole attachment rules in
14		Docket DRM 17-139. That docket took over one year to complete. I have been
15		working with attachers and these revised administrative rules since the rules were
16		adopted during 2018.
17	Q:	Please describe the relevant New Hampshire pole attachment rules that have
18		been raised in this Docket to your knowledge.
19	A:	From my perspective, the primary administrative rule at issue in this Docket is
20		Puc 1303.01. Under subsection (a) of that rule, Consolidated Communications, as
21		an owner or joint owner of a pole, must allow licensed attaching entities access to

poles on just and reasonable terms and Consolidated Communications cannot discriminate against pole owners. By "discriminate," I mean that Consolidated Communications may not treat attaching entities differently or favor one attaching entity over another attaching entity. By licensed, I mean both (i) an attaching entity has to have some type of authorization from the Commission to operate as a telecommunications provider or other type of provider in order to access the poles and (ii) the entity has to have a license from the pole owner to access the poles.

To your knowledge, does this administrative rule mean that a licensed cable company or a licensed competitive local exchange company ("CLEC") may attach anything they want to utility poles in New Hampshire?

To my knowledge, the answer is "no." As I understand and interpret the rule on behalf of Consolidated Communications, simply because a cable company or CLEC has a license or other form of authority from the Commission to operate in New Hampshire does not mean such entities may attach whatever they want wherever they want on utility poles owned by other entities, such as Consolidated Communications and Eversource in this Docket. Under Puc. 1303.01(a) and (b), a pole owner shall prescribe attachments terms and conditions that are just reasonable and nondiscriminatory. A pole owner also may deny an attachment request if there is insufficient capacity on the pole, or for reasons related to safety or engineering purposes/concerns. I also note that under Puc. 1303.01(c), a pole owner should not deny a request to attach if there is another alternative that would accommodate the attachment.

Q:

A:

1	Q:	A Consolidated Communications' policy has been raised in this Docket by
2		Comcast Cable as being an unlawful policy. Before addressing that issue,
3		please explain this pole attachment policy.
4	A:	The policy relates to pole attachments – any pole attachments – being installed in
5		such a manner as to block assets. The policy has been provided in Consolidated
6		Communications' response to Staff's Data Request 1-3, as well as repeated in the
7		Stipulation of Facts at paragraph # 19.
8		When pole attachments are installed in a manner contrary to the above policy, the
9		multiple conduit and excess attachments inhibit Consolidated Communications'
10		ability to access its assets on poles, as well as inhibit other attachers from
11		accessing their respective attachments on the poles. This creates safety issues for
12		employees working on the poles.
13	Q:	Is this policy provided in the Comcast Cable Pole Attachment Agreement
14		and, if not, why does Consolidated Communications believe the policy
15		complies with the above referenced administrative rule?
16	A:	Under Puc. 1303.01(a) Consolidated Communications must treat all attachers in a
17		nondiscriminatory manner and we must act in a just and reasonable manner when
18		responding to attachment requests. The policy is meant to afford all attachers
19		equal access to the poles. When applied fairly, which is what I try to do in all
20		instances, the policy allows for attachers to attach to the poles in a
21		nondiscriminatory manner. Attachers' employees do not need to work around
22		excess conduit on the poles or multiple risers on the poles. Employees working

on the poles have better access to facilities on the poles. Otherwise, one company's employees – in the case Comcast Cable – would have better access to their facilities than the employees of other companies.

# Q: Is the policy consistent with the terms of the Pole Attachment Agreement in your opinion?

Yes. The policy has been in place for a significant amount of time and addresses safety concerns. It provides the access that is required, while implementing terms and conditions that are not overly burdensome or costly. These terms and conditions allow the pole owner to more safely manage its plant and allow access for all attachers. While the policy is not expressly provided in the Pole Attachment Agreement, the Pole Attachment Agreement incorporates by reference multiple safety standards, including the National Electric Safety Code ("NESC"). This is located in Section 6.1 of the Pole Attachment Agreement. This section of the agreement also incorporates the Telcordia Technologies "Blue Book" standards and other standards. Section 6.1 of the Pole Attachment Agreement also requires that of all of the safety standards, the more stringent apply over those standards that might be considered less stringent. The 2017 version of the NESC Section 36, Sub-section 362, requires risers to be installed in the safest position with respect to climbing space and exposure to traffic damage. It also requires that number, size and location of riser ducts or guards should be limited to allow adequate access for climbing. Section 2.6 of the Pole Attachment

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Agreement contains a similar provision related to the refusal to allow the placement of a licensee's facilities in a hazardous or unsafe conditions. In connection with the specific poles in Belmont, specifically the middle pole cannot be replaced with a taller pole due to the overhead high tension electrical wires. That same pole also had multiple attachments and did not have sufficient space to accommodate Comcast Cable's aerial attachments. Allowing Comcast Cable to attach in the requested manner would have caused more congestion on the poles, especially the middle pole. Again, this leads to unsafe conditions and makes climbing the pole and working on the pole more hazardous than necessary. In addition, Section 7.1.1 of the Pole Attachment Agreement contains further terms of the parties' agreement which states that the "....Licensee shall, at its own expense, construct and maintain its attachments and facilities on Licensor's poles in a safe condition and in a manner acceptable to Licensor. Licensee shall construct and maintain its attachments and facilities so as not to conflict with the use of Licensor's poles by Licensor or by other authorized users of Licensor's poles..." Again, I note Section 2.6 of the Pole Attachment Agreement contains similar language related to not allowing attachments that would interfere with Licensor's existing service requirements. The manner in which Comcast Cable proposed to attach to the poles in Belmont violate these terms. First, the proposed attachments would create a safety hazard. Second, the Comcast Cable proposed attachments would unnecessarily increase future attachers' costs and work timeframes when they attach on the same plant.

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1		Similarly, when Comcast Cable attaches on the same plant in other locations
2		where other competitors have built similar redundant plant, Comcast's costs and
3		timeframes would also increase unnecessarily. I believe this type of attachment
4		both is unsafe and it conflicts with the rights to use the poles by other users.
5		Thus, the proposed attachments were not acceptable to Consolidated
6		Communications under Section 7.1.1 of the Pole Attachment Agreement.
7	Q:	So does this all mean that attachers in general or Comcast Cable in
8		particular are not allowed to place conduit or risers on poles owned by
9		Consolidated Communications?
10	A:	No.
11	Q:	Do you know whether Comcast Cable has its own risers on Consolidated
12		Communications' utility poles?
13	A:	In general, I do not know where Comcast able has installed risers on Consolidated
14		Communications' poles. I note that Comcast provided no examples during
15		discovery, so I had no examples to research. Consolidated Communications does
16		not inventory attaching entities' attachments. I certainly expect that over the
17		years Comcast Cable and its predecessor companies have placed risers on the
18		poles.
19	Q:	Do you have an example where you, on behalf of the LAG, would grant a
20		license to Comcast Cable for the placement of a riser and/or conduit on
21		Consolidated Communications' poles?

Yes. There is a project in Salem in which Comcast has engaged us for planning purposes. That project is in the area of the intersection of Main Street and North/South Broadway. It extends to the Westerly direction towards intersection of Main Street and Central Street and to the Easterly direction in the area where Main Street intersects Church Avenue. We are in the process of licensing 7 new risers for Comcast Cable's facilities. The submitted project plan shows each riser going from a Comcast asset (manholes and/or pullboxes) to a single Consolidated asset (pole) in connection with its expansion. All of the risers, from my perspective are necessary for the Comcast Cable attachments. Consolidated's policy at issue in this docket prohibits a company from owning the conduit running between two Consolidated assets and making that path unavailable to others without the need for additional infrastructure on the poles. Unlike the Salem situation, there is no tie in to a Comcast asset in Belmont that requires Comcast's own infrastructure.

#### Q: Does this conclude your prefiled direct testimony?

16 A: Yes.

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